Cambridge International Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/51

Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

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Question	Statement	Expected Answer	Mark
1 (a) (i)	M10	$\begin{array}{rcl} HCOO^{-}(aq) & & \longrightarrow & CO_{2}(g) + H^{+}(aq) + 2e^{-} \\ MnO_{4}^{-}(aq) + 8H^{+}(aq) + 5e^{-} & & \longrightarrow & Mn^{2^{+}}(aq) + 4H_{2}O(I) \end{array}$	[1] [1]
(ii)	M6	Magnesium methanoate is 1.312 mol dm ⁻³	[1]
		[HCOO ⁻ (aq)] = 2.624 mol dm ⁻³	[1]
(iii)	M6	Use <u>volumetric apparatus</u> (to measure 5.0 cm ³ / saturated (magnesium) methanoate solution).	[1]
		Make (the above) up to the mark (with water) in a 250 cm ³ volumetric / graduated flask	[1]
(iv)	M3/P4	H^{+} is needed for the reaction with manganite	[1]
		Provided the acid is in excess / sufficient / enough, the volume does not matter	[1]
(v)	M5	A <u>pale</u> pink colour	[1]
(vi)	M10	0.051 mol dm ⁻³	[1]
(vii)	M10	1.28 mol dm ⁻³	[1]

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Question	Statement	Expected Answer	Mark
(b)	P1/P2	(Independent) Temperature	[1]
		(Dependent) Concentration of magnesium methanoate	[']
(c)	P3	ΔH is positive	[1]
	15	(An increase in temperature) will favour / promote / increase / a movement in the direction of the endothermic change / reaction	[1]
(d)	P3	Precipitate is formed / barium sulfate is insoluble / insoluble product	[1]
			[15]
2 (a) (i)	D1	$\kappa_c = \frac{[HI]^2}{[H_2][I_2]}$	[1]
(ii)	D1	$K_c = \frac{4y^2}{(a-y)^2}$	[1]

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Question	Statement		Expected Answer				Mark
(b) (i)	D3		a mol dm⁻³	a – y mol dm ⁻³	y mol dm ⁻³		
			0.200	0.022	0.178		
			0.500	0.050	0.450		
			0.800	0.252	0.548		
			1.000	0.200	0.800		
			1.500	0.365	1.135		
			2.100	0.570	1.530		
			2.800	0.652	2.148		
			3.400	0.700	2.700		
			3.800	0.867	2.933		
			4.200	0.868	3.332		
			4.900	1.150	3.750		[1]
		All re All va	esults for y are to 3 alues for y are corre	decimal places ect			[1]
(ii)	D1	All points plotted correctly				[1]	
(iii)	E5	Appropriate s	ppropriate straight line drawn through the origin				[1]

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Question	Statement	Expected Answer	Mark
(c) (i)	D3/C1	Co-ordinates read correctly from the line	[1]
		Slope of the graph calculated correctly and given to three significant figures with no units.	[1]
(ii)	D3/C1	Uses $\frac{\sqrt{K_c}}{2+\sqrt{K_c}}$ = gradient (value or y/a) and provides working	[1]
		Gives value of K_c	[1]
(d)	P4	The hydrogen with air / oxygen is explosive at 760K / raised temperature	[1]
(e)	E4	Faster reaction / increased rate	[1]
		The value of K_c would be unaffected	[']
(f) (i)	E4/C2	The line drawn on the graph has a less steep gradient	[1]
(ii)		The equilibrium constant will be smaller	[1]
			[15]